## I. CATALOG DESCRIPTION:

Division: Science Α. Department: Geology GEOL 111 Course ID: Course Title: Investigations in Physical Geology Units: 1 3 hours Laboratory: Prerequisite: GEOL 101. Departmental Advisory: English 015 or eligibility for English 101 as determined through the SBVC assessment process.

B. Course Description:

The Laboratory portion of GEOL 100. Students who have completed GEOL 101 may enroll in GEOL 111 to complete the requirement for a physical science with a laboratory.

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# II. NUMBER OF TIMES COURSE MAY BE TAKEN FOR CREDIT: One

## III. EXPECTED OUTCOMES FOR STUDENTS:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- A. identify common rock-forming minerals and major economic minerals,
- B. identify and understand the origin and significance of the three fundamental rock types,
- C. find specific locations on topographic maps and identify common landforms from contour patterns,
- D. interpret topographic maps and aerial photographs in order to recognize landscape features typical of major erosional and depositional processes,
- E. analyze evidence on geographic maps and cross-sections in order to restore the sequence of geologic events that led to the observable features
- F. identify the landforms typical of faults and folded structures.

# ADVISORY ENTRANCE SKILLS:

Before attempting this class students should be able to:

- A. read actively, annotating and paraphrasing the text,
- B. summarize accurately,
- C. evaluate evidence for relevance to one's purpose,
- D. distinguish between facts, opinions, assumptions, and inferences,
- E. understand a common English vocabulary equivalent to a High School Education,
- F. be able to assimilate a new technical vocabulary appropriate to the subject matter,
- G. organize information around a central idea,
- H. select and present relevant evidence to support a proposition,
- I. create a focused thesis statement, and
- J. write sentences free of gross grammatical errors.

# IV. CONTENT:

Β.

- A. The Materials of the Earth
  - 1. Minerals
  - 2. Igneous rocks
  - 3. Šedimentary and Metamorphic Rocks
  - Topographic Maps and Aerial Photos
    - 1. Map Coordinate Systems
    - 2. Contours and Topographic Maps
    - 3. Aerial Photos and Remote Imagery

- C. Geologic Interpretation of Maps and Images
  - 1. Stream Erosion
  - 2. Desert Landforms
  - 3. Landforms created by Groundwater
  - 4. Glaciation
  - 5. Shorelines
- D. Structural Geology
  - 1. Geologic Maps and Cross Sections
  - 2. Folded Sedimentary rocks
  - 3. Faulted Structures
- E. Plate Tectonics
  - 1. A Brief review of the major Plates
  - 2. Geologic processes related to plate boundaries
  - 3. Topographic expressions related to plate boundaries

## V. METHODS OF INSTRUCTION:

- A. Field trips in which students will be shown geologic features first hand, collect representative samples, perform field identifications, and assess the results of a variety of geologic processes.
- B. Laboratory work, including instructor-guided demonstrations of mineral and rock identification and classification processes, student-initiated identification and classification of rocks and minerals, interpretation of topographic maps, and analysis and interpretation of geologic maps and cross-sections.

# VI. TYPICAL ASSIGNMENTS:

- A. Reading Assignments
  - 1. Selected assignments from the textbook and laboratory manual.
  - 2. Articles covering current events in geology (landslides, earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, floods) as well as long-term events (for example, natural resource depletion, environmental effects of mining and processing ores).
- B. Writing Assignments
  - 1. Selected chapter exercises from the textbook.
  - 2. Instructor-prepared exercises, especially those involving illustrations (maps, charts, diagrams, cross-sections) and their analysis.
  - 3. A journal to be kept when in the field.
  - 4. Laboratory reports including observations, drawings, conclusions, and answers to related questions.
  - 5. A written term project, either a research paper or a group project, showing synthesis of the concepts and processes covered in the course.
- C. Example

Choose one of the magazine or newspaper articles on the reading list and analyze the following:

- 1. Scientific accuracy
- 2. Topic of study in this course
- 3. What was reinforced as learned in this course
- 4. What was new information for you
- 5. Prepare a written summary and 3-5 minute class presentation.

#### VII. EVALUATION:

- A. Methods of evaluation:
  - 1. Written quizzes and/or tests of a variety of types of questions from among truefalse,
    - multiple choice, fill-in, sentence completion, and short essay.
  - 2. Written exercises.
  - 3. Written summaries of magazine or newspaper articles.

B. Frequency of evaluation:

- Quizzes are given in lab at the end of each major section. 1.
- 2. Laboratory exercises are completed in the lab and turned each meeting.
- 3. A final Project involving independent thinking, observation and analysis and resulting in a written report is usually assigned for the last 2-3 weeks of the semester.
- C. Typical exam questions

C.

d.

e.

- List the 3 major rock types and describe their mode of occurrence. 1.
- 2. In the list below, identify the minerals that have a hardness greater than glass.
  - Plagioclase a. b.

Calcite

Corundum f. Chlorite g.

Garnet

- Kaolinite Chalcedony
  - h.
- i. Hornblende
- Gypsum j. Fluorite
- 3. Which of the minerals listed above are included among the "Common Igneous Rock-forming Minerals"
- 4. Identify the minerals in the display set. Only a mineral name is required. Make certain that the mineral name is written in the space that has the same number as the mineral tray.
- 5. Given the indicated area on the geological map and accompanying cross-section at your table, reconstruct the sequence of geologic events representing the geologic history of the area.

#### VIII. **TYPICAL TEXTS:**

Zumberge, Rutford and Carter, Laboratory Manual for Physical Geology, 10th ed., WCB McGraw-Hill, 1999.

- Wiswall and Fletcher, "Investigating Earth, a Geology Laboratory Text", 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., WCB Publishers, 1997.
- Karen M. Woods, "Physical Geology Laboratory Manual" 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Kendall-Hunt Publishing Co. 1997.

Jones, Norris, Laboratory Manual for Physical Geology, 3rd ed., WCB McGraw-Hill, 2001.

#### IX. **OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED OF STUDENTS:**

- Scale ("ruler") graduate in tenths of an inch. Α.
- Β. Colored pencils (red, blue, and assorted other colors.)
- C. Felt tip pens (1/8" x 1/4" tip), three assorted colors.
- D. Several medium to medium-soft pencils (2H or No. 2).
- E. Pocket stereoscope.
- Small magnifying glass (optional) for map reading. F.
- Six sheets 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" x 11" tracing paper. G.
- Η. Eraser (art gum or equivalent).
- I. Inexpensive pencil sharpener.
- J. Inexpensive compass, for drawing circles.
- K. Dividers (optional), for measuring distances on maps.